DEPT. OF EARTH & ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES, UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER

Physics of Climate An Introduction to Atmospheric Physics

EES 236/436



Image Credit: NASA Goddard Space Flight Center

Fall 2021 Syllabus

Last Updated: August 31, 2022

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1 OVERVIEW

Course Location: LeChase 181 **Course Time:** Tu/Th 2:00 PM-3:15 PM Eastern

Recitation Location: Meliora 205 **Recitation Time:** Fr 2:00 PM-3:15 PM Eastern

Instructor: Prof. Lee T. Murray Personal Pronouns: he/his/him E-mail: lee.murray@rochester.edu | ♥ @leetmurray Office Location: Hutchison 479 Office Hours: Tu/Th 12:30-1:30 PM, or by e-mail appointment Office Hours Link: https://rochester.zoom.us/j/5748824096

Teaching Assistant: Nic Litza Personal Pronouns: he/his/him E-mail: nlitza@ur.rochester.edu Office Location: Hutchison 206 Office Hours: M/W 4:00-5:00 PM, or by e-mail appointment Office Hours Link: https://rochester.zoom.us/j/7654346002

1.1 DESCRIPTION

A broad and quantitative overview of the basic features of Earth's climate system and the underlying physical processes. Topics include the global energy balance, atmospheric thermodynamics, radiative transfer, cloud microphysics, atmospheric dynamics, general circulation, weather systems, surface processes, ocean circulation, and climate variability and forecasting. Students will understand what drives present-day temperature, precipitation, and wind patterns, as well as major modes of natural climate variability including the El Niño-Southern Oscillation phenomenon and Ice Age cycles, and extreme weather. We will learn how the rise of human civilization has influenced the climate system, and how this legacy and our future actions can influence climate in the coming century.

1.2 PRE-REQUISITES

Required, unless granted permission by instructor:

• PHY 121 (Mechanics) or equivalent

Additionally required for EES 436, unless granted permission by instructor:

• MTH 165 (Linear Algebra with Differential Equations) or equivalent

1.3 MAIN LEARNING GOALS

The overarching goals of this class are:

1. Graphical literacy: Draw conclusions from atmospheric and other data by creating and interpreting plots and graphs.

- 2. Investigative thinking: Be able to use logic, data, reasoning, critical thinking, and/or the scientific method to formulate and/or answer a question that is posed about atmospheric systems and climate.
- 3. Societal and personal relevance: Apply principles from the course to inform everyday choices relating to weather and climate (e.g., weather safety, weather maps, climate change adaptation and mitigation.)
- 4. Enthusiasm for atmospheric science: Develop an enthusiasm for the skills and perspectives of atmospheric and climate science.
- 5. Physical processes: Identify and explain the basic physical processes that drive Earth's climate system (e.g., energy distribution, phase changes, stability, winds and currents), and be able to apply logic to predict how processes are impacted as conditions change. These include ability to:
 - Distinguish between weather and climate processes
 - Identify examples of weather and climate
 - Appreciate regional differences in weather and climate and their respective causes
 - Distinguish the temporal and spatial scales associated with weather and climate processes
 - Appreciate the differences in the predictability of the weather versus the predictability of the climate
 - What is and what is not evidence for anthropogenic climate change?
 - Understand the context of our present-day climate in space and time
 - How and why does Earth's climate differ from those of Venus or Mars?
 - In what past climate states has Earth existed? What may have driven these differences?
 - What drives Ice Age advances and retreats?
 - What are the major modes of present-day climate variability and their respective causes?
 - How does anthropogenic climate change compare to natural climate variability?
 - Describe the global distribution of incoming/outgoing/net energy and the influence of the atmosphere on the Earth's temperature. Appreciate how this impacts global temperatures and heat transport in the atmosphere and ocean.
 - Radiation distribution, including longwave and shortwave radiation, and the seasons
 - The greenhouse effect
 - How radiation interacts with and is transformed by Earth's atmospheres via absorption, emission, and scattering
 - Global net radiation budgets
 - Explain how phase changes of water occur, and how they impact weather and climate.
 - What leads to water vapor condensation in the atmosphere?
 - Relative versus absolute measures of humidity
 - Latent and sensible heat
 - Cloud formation and precipitation
 - Understand how the atmosphere is coupled to the ocean, cryosphere, biosphere, and/or solid Earth.
 - The carbon cycle
 - Wind stress and its influence on upwelling, sea ice processes, thermohaline circulation
 - Tropical cyclone and sea surface temperature feedbacks
 - El Niño-Southern Oscillation
 - Land-sea breezes and monsoon circulations

- Interaction between physical circulations and the distribution of life (e.g. phytoplankton)
- Name and describe the dynamics that drive atmospheric circulation across multiple spatial and temporal scales, and use physical principles to predict how processes will evolve over time.
 - Buoyancy and vertical stability
 - Pressure gradient, Coriolis, centrifugal, and frictional forces
 - Geostrophic and thermal wind balances
 - The planetary boundary layer
 - Trade wind patterns
 - Oceanic wind-driven and thermohaline circulations
 - Air masses and fronts
 - Midlatitude cyclones
 - Tropical cyclones

2 Readings

Note, students do not need to purchase any course materials. All readings may be accessed from their blue links. However, some may require you to be on the campus network or VPN if off campus (see University IT for directions).

2.1 REQUIRED

Воокѕ

Hartmann, D. L. (2016), *Global physical climatology*, 2 ed., Elsevier, Amsterdam, doi:10.1016/C2009-0-00030-0.

Stull, R. (2017), *Practical Meteorology: An Algebra-based Survey of Atmospheric Science*, 1.02b ed., Univ. of British Columbia, https://www.eoas.ubc.ca/books/Practical_Meteorology/.

ARTICLES AND EXCERPTS

- Arrhenius, S. (1896), On the influence of carbonic acid in the air upon the temperature of the ground, *The London, Edinburgh, and Dublin Philosophical Magazine and Journal of Science, 41*(251), 237–276, doi:10.1080/14786449608620846.
- Charlson, R. J., J. E. Lovelock, M. O. Andreae, and S. G. Warren (1987), Oceanic phytoplankton, atmospheric sulphur, cloud albedo and climate, *Nature*, *326*(6114), 655–661, doi:10.1038/326655a0.
- Charney, J. G., A. Arakawa, D. J. Baker, B. Bolin, R. E. Dickinson, R. M. Goody, C. E. Leith, H. M. Stommel, and C. I. Wunsch (1979), *Carbon Dioxide and Climate*, National Academies Press, Washington, D.C., doi:10.17226/12181.
- Ferrel, W. (1856), An essay on the winds and the currents of the ocean, Nashville J. of Medicine and Surgery, 11(4), 13, https://en.wikisource.org/wiki/An_essay_on_the_winds_and_the_ currents_of_the_ocean.

- Fourier, J.-B. J. (1827), Mémoire sur les températures du globe terrestre et des espaces planétaires, *Mémoires de l'Académie Royale des Sciences*, 7, 569–604, https://geosci.uchicago.edu/~rtp1/ papers/Fourier1827Trans.pdf.
- Hadley, G. (1735), Concerning the cause of the general trade-winds, *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London*, 39(437), 58–62, doi:10.1098/rstl.1735.0014.
- Hansen, J., A. Lacis, D. Rind, G. Russell, P. Stone, I. Fung, R. Ruedy, and J. Lerner (1984), Climate sensitivity: Analysis of feedback mechanisms, *Climate Processes and Climate Sensitivity: Geophysical Monograph Series*, pp. 130–163, https://pubs.giss.nasa.gov/docs/1984/1984_Hansen_ha07600n. pdf.
- Hansen, J., et al. (2005), Earth's energy imbalance: confirmation and implications., *Science*, *308*(5727), 1431–1435, doi:10.1126/science.1110252.
- Hays, J., J. Imbrie, and N. Shackleton (1976), Variations in the earth's orbit: Pacemaker of the ice ages., *Science*, *194*(4270), 1121–1132, doi:10.1126/science.194.4270.1121.
- Manabe, S., and R. T. Wetherald (1967), Thermal equilibrium of the atmosphere with a given distribution of relative humidity, *Journal of the Atmospheric Sciences*, *24*(3), 241–259, doi:10.1175/1520-0469(1967)024<0241:teotaw>2.0.co;2.
- Mann, M. E., R. S. Bradley, and M. K. Hughes (1999), Northern hemisphere temperatures during the past millennium: Inferences, uncertainties, and limitations, *Geophysical Research Letters*, *26*(6), 759–762, doi:10.1029/1999gl900070.
- Plass, G. N. (1956), The influence of the 15µ carbon-dioxide band on the atmospheric infra-red cooling rate, *Quarterly Journal of the Royal Meteorological Society*, 82(353), 310– 324, doi:10.1002/qj.49708235307, https://geosci.uchicago.edu/~archer/warming_papers/ plass.1956.radiation.pdf.
- Price, C. G. (2013), Lightning applications in weather and climate research, *Surveys in Geophysics*, 34(6), 755–767, doi:10.1007/s10712-012-9218-7.
- Sellers, W. D. (1969), A global climatic model based on the energy balance of the earthatmosphere system, *Journal of Applied Meteorology*, *8*(3), 392–400, doi:10.1175/1520-0450(1969)008<0392:agcmbo>2.0.co;2.
- Tyndall, J. (1861), On the absorption and radiation of heat by gases and vapours, and on the physical connexion of radiation, absorption, and conduction, *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London*, *151*, 1–36, doi:10.1098/rstl.1861.0001.
- WMO (2021), State of the Global Climate 2020, WMO-No. 1264, https://library.wmo.int/doc_num. php?explnum_id=10618.

2.2 SUPPLEMENTAL

BOOKS

Holton, J. R., and G. J. Hakim (2013), *An Introduction to Dynamic Meteorology*, 5 ed., Elsevier, Amsterdam.

- IPCC (2013), *Climate Change 2013: The Physical Science Basis*, Contribution of Working Group I to the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA, doi:10.1017/CBO9781107415324.
- Marshall, J., and R. A. Plumb (2007), *Atmosphere, Ocean, and Climate Dynamics: An Introductory Text,* 1 ed., Elsevier, Burlington, MA.
- Wallace, J. M., and P. V. Hobbs (2006), *Atmospheric Science: An Introductory Survey*, 2 ed., Elsevier, Amsterdam.

3 SCHEDULE

3.1 LECTURES

Below is the tentative class schedule, with topics for each class, associated readings, problem set due dates, and exam dates. The schedule is subject to change pending course progress.

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	
Aug 24th	26th 1	
	Overview	
	Key Topics	
	1. Course Description and Expectations	
	2. Overview of Present-Day Climate	
	Reading	
	• Syllabus	
	• <i>WMO</i> (2021) link	
31st 2	Sep 2nd 3	
History and Evolution of Earth's Climate	Atmospheric Basics	
Key Topics	Key Topics	
1. Early Earth Climate (Hadean to Tertiary) 1. Atmospheric Structure and Con		
2. Quaternary Climate (Ice Age Cycles)	2. Pressure, Temperature, Density	
3. The Anthropocene	3. Equation of State (Ideal Gas Law)	
Reading	4. Hydrostatic Balance (Barometric Law)	
• <i>Hartmann</i> (2016) §9	Reading	
	• <i>Stull</i> (2017) §1	
436 Weekly Journal Club	• <i>Hartmann</i> (2016) §1.1-1.4	
• <i>Mann et al.</i> (1999)		

TUESDAY	THURSDAY
7th 4	9th 5
Atmospheric Thermodynamics I Key Topics	Atmospheric Thermodynamics II Key Topics
1. First Law of Thermodynamics	1. Atmospheric Water Vapor
2. Adiabatic Lapse Rate	2. Saturation Vapor Pressure
3. Potential Temperature	3. Moist Pseudoadiabatic Lapse Rate
Reading	Reading
• <i>Stull</i> (2017) §3.1-3.4	• <i>Stull</i> (2017) §4
• <i>Hartmann</i> (2016) §1.6	• <i>Hartmann</i> (2016) §1.5
436 Weekly Journal Club	
• Fourier (1827)	
14th 6	16th 7
Atmospheric Thermodynamics III	Global Energy Balance I
Key lopics	Key lopics
1. Static Stability	1. The Radiation Spectrum
2. Conditional instability	2. Blackbody Radiation (Planck's Law; Stofen Poltzmenn Lew)
S. Convection	2 Effective Temperature
• Stull (2017) \$5	4 Albedo
• Hartmann (2016) $\$1.6$ (revisit)	Reading
	• <i>Stull</i> (2017) §2
436 Weekly Journal Club	• Hartmann (2016) §2.1-2.4
• <i>Tyndall</i> (1861)	
PS1 due by 7 PM	
21st 8	23rd 9
Global Energy Balance II	Global Energy Balance III
Key Topics	Key Topics
1. Greenhouse Effect	1. Top-of-the-Atmosphere Flux Distribution
2. Global Radiative Flux Energy Balance	Reading
3. Top-of-the-Atmosphere Flux Distribution	• <i>Stull</i> (2017) §21.1
Reading	• Hartmann (2016) §2.5-2.9
• Slull (2017) §21.1 • Hartmann (2016) §2.5.2.0	
• <i>Hurtmann</i> (2010) §2.3-2.9	
436 Weekly Journal Club	
• Arrhenius (1896)	
PS2 due by 7 PM	

Tuesday		THURSDAY	
28th	10	30th	11
Atmospheric Radiative Transfer I		Atmospheric Radiative Transfer II	
Key Topics		Key Topics	
1. Selective Absorption and Emission by		1. Vertical Radiative Heating and Cooling	
Atmospheric Gases		Rates	
2. Scattering of Atmospheric Radiation		2. Radiative Equilibrium	
(Rayleigh; Mie; Optics)		3. Convective-Radiative Equilibrium	
Reading		4. Clouds and Radiation	
• <i>Stull</i> (2017) §22.4		Reading	
• Hartmann (2016) §3.1-3.6		• Hartmann (2016) §3.7-3.13	
436 Weekly Journal Club			
• <i>Plass</i> (1956)			
PS3 due by 7 PM			
Oct 5th	12	7th	
Surface Energy Balance I		Midterm (In-Class)	
Key Topics			
1. Radiative Heating of the Surface			
2. Sensible and Latent Heat Fluxes			
3. Turbulence			
4. Atmospheric Boundary Laver			
Reading			
• <i>Stull</i> (2017) \$3.6 \$18			
• <i>Hartmann</i> (2016) \$4.1-4.5			
436 Weekly Journal Club			
• <i>Sellers</i> (1969)			
12th		14th	13
Fall Break		Surface Energy Balance II	
		Key Topics	
		1. Vertical Structure of the Boundary Lave	r
		2. Diel. Spatial and Seasonal Variability in	-
		the Boundary Laver	
		Reading	
		• <i>Stull</i> (2017) \$18	
		• Hartmann (2016) §4 6-4 9	
		1101 11101111 (2010) y1.0 1.0	

TUESDAY	THURSDAY
19th 14	21st 15
 Surface Energy Balance III Key Topics Vertical Structure of the Boundary Layer Diel, Spatial and Seasonal Variability in the Boundary Layer Reading Stull (2017) §18 Hartmann (2016) §4.6-4.9 436 Weekly Journal Club Hadley (1735) Ferrel (1856) 	 Atmospheric General Circulation I Key Topics Vorticity and Divergence Apparent Forces (Coriolis, Centrifugal) Real Forces (Gravity, Pressure-Gradient, Friction) Reading Stull (2017) §10
26th 16	28th 17
 Atmospheric General Circulation II Key Topics Vorticity and Divergence Apparent Forces (Coriolis, Centrifugal) Real Forces (Gravity, Pressure-Gradient, Friction) Reading Stull (2017) §10 436 Weekly Journal Club Manabe and Wetherald (1967) PS4 due by 7 PM 	 Atmospheric General Circulation III Key Topics Horizontal Force Balances Geostrophy Thermal Wind Barotropic vs. Baroclinic Atmospheres Reading Stull (2017) §11 EES 436 Term Paper Topics Due
Nov 2nd18Atmospheric General Circulation IVKey Topics1. Hadley, Ferrel and Walker CirculationsReading• Hartmann (2016) §6436 Weekly Journal Club• Hansen et al. (2005)PS5 due by 7 PM	4th19Ocean General CirculationKey Topics1. Wind-Driven Circulation2. Deep Thermohaline Circulation3. Transport of Energy in the OceanReading• Hartmann (2016) §7.1-7.8

TUESDAY	THURSDAY
9th 20	0 11th 21
Weather Systems I Key Topics 1. Extratropical Cyclones 2. Fronts Reading • Stull (2017) \$12 \$13	Weather Systems II Key Topics 1. Tropical Cyclones Reading • <i>Stull</i> (2017) §16
436 Weekly Journal Club • <i>Hansen et al.</i> (1984) PS6 due by 7 PM	-
 16th 22 Natural Intraseasonal and Interannual Variability Key Topics Chaos Theory, Internal Variability and Forecasting Coupled Variability Major Modes of Natural Variability (NAO/AO, SAM, MJO, ENSO, AMOC) Reading Stull (2017) §21.8 Hartmann (2016) §8 436 Weekly Journal Club Price (2013) 	2 18th 23 Natural Climate Forcings Key Topics 1. Solar Forcing 1. Solar Forcing 2. Natural Aerosol Forcing 3. Volcanic Forcing 3. Volcanic Forcing 4. Orbital Forcing (Milankovitch Theory) Reading • Stull (2017) §21.2-21.3 • Hartmann (2016) §12 436 Weekly Journal Club • Charlson et al. (1987)
23rd 24 Natural Feedbacks Key Topics 1. Water-Vapor Feedback 2. Planck Feedback 3. Ice-Albedo Feedback 4. Lapse-Rate Feedback 5. Cloud Feedbacks Reading • <i>Stull</i> (2017) §21.4-21.9 436 Weekly Journal Club • <i>Hays et al.</i> (1976)	25th Thanksgiving Break

TUESDAY THURSDAY	
30th 25	Dec 2nd 26
Natural Climate Change	Anthropogenic Climate Change I
Key Topics	Key Topics
1. Solar Forcing	1. Global Warming Potential
2. Natural Aerosol Forcing	2. Greenhouse Gases (CO_2 , CH_4 , N_2O ,
3. Volcanic Forcing	Halocarbons, Ozone)
4. Orbital Forcing (Milankovitch Theory)	3. Aerosols
5. Natural Feedbacks	4. Land-Use Change
Reading	Reading
• <i>Stull</i> (2017) §21.2-21.9	• <i>Hartmann</i> (2016) \$13.1-13.12
• <i>Hartmann</i> (2016) §12	
436 Weekly Journal Club	
• <i>Charney et al.</i> (1979)	
PS8 due by 7 PM	
7th 27	9th
Anthropogenic Climate Change II	Reading Period
Key Topics	
1. Past, Present, and Future Anthropogenic	
Forcing	
2. Detection and Attribution	
3. Future Projections	
Reading	
• <i>Hartmann</i> (2016) \$13.13-13.17	
PS9 due by 7 PM	
436 Term Paper Drafts Due by Fri Dec 4 @ 5 PM	
14th	16th
Exam Period	Exam Period

3.2 EES 236 RECITATION

In addition to lectures, there will be a recitation session held each Friday from 2-3:15 PM, in which the TA will go over example problems similar to the homework and exams, and answer any questions from the class. EES 236 students are required to participate in the recitations. EES 436 students are welcome to attend as well, but not required.

3.3 EES 436 JOURNAL CLUB

There will be a 1-hr required journal club held each week (time TBD based on graduate student availability), in which a scientific paper or two of relevance to the class will be discussed. Students enrolled in EES 436 will take turns each week in introducing their paper, including relevant background, methods and conclusions. Students enrolled in EES 236 are welcome to join if they are interested.

4 GRADING

Students enrolled in EES 236 will have their grade determined as follows:

EES 236	6
Problem Sets:	40 %
Midterm:	20 %
Final Exam:	30 %
Quizzes:	10~%
Total:	100 %

A student's final grade will determined as a percentage of total points accumulated, from which letter grades will then be assigned.

Students enrolled in EES 436 will have their grade determined as follows:

EES 436	
Problem Sets:	40~%
Midterm:	20~%
Term Paper:	25~%
Journal Club Participation:	10~%
Quizzes:	5 %
Total:	100 %

4.1 PROBLEM SETS

There will be approximately weekly problem sets assigned on material covered in previous lectures and readings, except during weeks with exams.

The aim of the problem sets is to help you learn the course concepts. Working together with your classmates is thus encouraged, although problem sets should always be solved and written up individually. **If you collaborate, write with whom you worked on your submission**.

Show all work, explaining in sufficient detail how you arrived at the answer. Describe the rationale behind each step using language like "Convert from kg to molecules" or "Apply the hypsometric equation to determine layer thickness." Partial credit for ultimately wrong answers will be assigned based on work shown. A correct answer with no work shown earns no credit. A numerical answer without units is incorrect.

Problem sets are due digitally via GradeScope by the date and time indicated (Tuesdays at 7 PM Eastern). After that, 10% is deducted off the possible total score for each day late. No credit is given after one week late.

All problem sets will be scored from 0-100 % of total points. Your lowest problem set score will be dropped; all other problem sets will be weighted equally.

Students enrolled in EES 436 will have additional problems per homework assignment.

4.2 EXAMS

All exams will be comprised of a multiple-choice section, a short-answer section, and a longer quantitative problem section.

4.2.1 MIDTERM

There will be one midterm exam that will test qualitative content from Lectures 1-11 and have quantitative problems based on Problem Sets 1-3.

4.2.2 EES 236 FINAL

There will be one comprehensive final exam for students enrolled in EES 236. The final will contain content from throughout the course, with a greater emphasis on the second half.

4.3 QUIZZES

At the end of each lecture, there will be a short quiz on the main concept covered by the reading and/or lecture for that day.

4.4 EES 436 TERM PAPER

Students enrolled in EES 436 will be required to write a term paper in lieu of a final exam. The paper must be 20 pages, including figures and references, with 10 pt font and 1.5 line spacing. Paper topics will be chosen by the student in consultation with Prof. Murray to reflect their own research and interests, but must be related to atmospheric physics and climate. Students will be required to submit a rough draft for feedback of at least 15 pages length two weeks before the final deadline.

The term paper **must be written following the Style Guide and Reference Format of the American Geophysical Union**, including proper in-line citations consistent with the university Academic Honesty policies.

5 CLASSROOM POLICIES

5.1 DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION

This class is an inclusive and welcoming learning environment for all students regardless of background or ability, consistent with University policy, state and federal laws and the instructors' personal beliefs. Students must respect the different experiences, identities, beliefs and values expressed by their peers, and refrain from derogatory comments about other individuals, cultures, groups, or viewpoints.

Please make sure that I am pronouncing your name correctly, and let me know if you have any preferred nicknames and/or pronouns that you would like me to use.

In the event you encounter any barrier(s) to full participation in this course due to the impact of a disability, please contact the Office of Disability Resources. The access coordinators in the Office of Disability Resources can meet with you to discuss the barriers you are experiencing and explain the

eligibility process for establishing academic accommodations. You can reach the Office of Disability Resources at: disability@rochester.edu; (585) 276-5075; Taylor Hall; http://www.rochester.edu/ college/disability.

5.2 COVID-19

You are expected to adhere to all University policies regarding the COVID-19 pandemic (vaccination, masking, distancing, staying home if you have any symptoms, etc.). Please make sure you stay up to date on these policies, as they continually evolve.

Given the extraordinary circumstances of the COVID-19 pandemic, I acknowledge that students may be subject to a host of pressures and difficulties that will make learning this semester especially difficult. I encourage you to meet with me about any concern or situation that affects your ability to complete your academic work successfully.

5.3 Electronic Devices

Cell phones must be silenced. You may use a laptop or tablet to take notes. Mobile devices and laptops may also be used for prepared active learning activities. However, they should not be used for anything else during class. If a peer tells me your actions on your laptop are distracting during a lecture, you will lose the privilege.

6 ACADEMIC HONESTY

All assignments and activities associated with this course must be performed in accordance with the University of Rochester's Academic Honesty Policy. A comprehensive description of the University of Rochester's Academic Honesty Policy is available at: http://www.rochester.edu/college/honesty. For this course, all exams and reports need to be completed individually, but I encourage collaboration on the problem sets.

7 INTRO MEETING

I would like to learn about your background and goals, both for this course and for the future, to help tailor the semester to those interests. You are encouraged to schedule via e-mail a short 5-minute Zoom meeting early in the semester. The meeting is entirely optional and will not impact your grade.

8 CREDIT HOUR POLICY

This course follows the College credit hour policy for four-credit courses, which stipulates that students are expected to complete an "extra period" in addition to the course instructional time of two or three class periods per week. In this course, students enrolled in EES 236 will use this "extra period" for the mandatory recitation, and students in EES 436 through the mandatory journal club. Students may also use this "extra period" for meeting with the instructor and/or TA problem sets, as well as for other enriched independent study, including reading, preparing presentations and working on problem sets and group reports.

9 FEEDBACK

I want you to get the most out of this class. Students are encouraged to offer feedback at any time about the course and my instruction to me in person, through e-mail to <u>lee.murray@rochester.edu</u>, or via an anonymous note placed in my departmental mailbox located in Hutchison Hall 227. At the end of the course, I would greatly appreciate if you fill out the course review.